

Assignment:

Readings - Morris & Powell, *The Greeks: History*, Ch 14 pp. 293-316; Ch 18 pp. 386-404

- The Sophists
 - Wandering edu-crats

 - Protagoras
 - “Man is the measure of all things”

 - Gorgias
 - Three-pronged theory:

 - Prodicus
 - In it for the money

- Socrates (470-399BC)
 - Socratic method

 - *Dialectic*

 - Focus = actual exchanges

 - “Know thyself”

 - Key = knowledge

- Aretē = attainment of knowledge
- Plato (428-347BC)
 - Truth exists, but only in realm of thought
 - The Cave
 - Disillusioned by democracy
 - Ideal state = *The Republic*
 - Philosophers should run state
 - Citizens = ignorant
 - Aretē = social justice
- Aristotle (384-322BC)
 - Ideas have no separate existence
 - “Philosophy of human affairs
 - Two kinds of aretē: intellectual & moral
 - Theory of Potentiality
 - Happiness is ultimate goal
 - To achieve happiness = “state” necessary

— Ideal form in “middle”